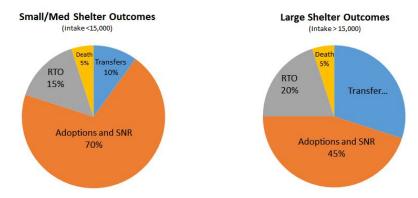
12 Ingredients Workbook

Outcomes Best Practices Comparison



Your Shelter's Outcomes

To determine the percentage of each type of outcome, first determine how many total animal outcomes your organization had last year, and how many outcomes there were for each category. Then, divide the number of outcomes from a category by the total number of animal outcomes in order to calculate the percentage.

	Cats		Do	gs	Total		
	Number %		Number	%	Number	%	
Total Outcomes:							
Adoptions:							
RTO:							
Death:							
Transfers:							

Your Shelter's Outcomes Compared to Best Practices

Put the percentages from the above table into the "Your Shelter" column below. Then, write in the percentages from the pie chart that describes your shelter in the "Best Practice" column below.

		Best Practice		
	Cats	Dogs	Total	Desc i rustice
Adoptions:				
RTO:				
Death:				
Transfers:				

Euthanasia Analysis

Use data from 1 week in December or January and 1 week in July to complete the below table. Pull all the information you have from each animal euthanized during the identified periods of time (1 winter week and 1 summer week). Review each individual animal's report and information to determine which of the below categories the animal would fit into.

Euthanized Animals	отс	Animal Control Pickup	January	July
Large Breed Dogs Euthed over (Large Breed is defined as a healthy adult we				
Medical				
Behavior				
Space				
All Other Dogs Euthed				
Parvo				
Distemper				
URI				
Injured/Ill (not contagious)				
Neonatal (< 7 weeks old)				
Nursing moms/puppy groups				
Small adult dogs (excluding medical)				
Puppies (7-16 weeks) (not captured above)				
Cats euthed over 12 weeks old				
Healthy				
URI/Calici				
Ringworm				
Injured / Ill (not contagious)				
feral				
Cats euthed 7-12 weeks old (break down by Owner Surrender and Stray	Intake)			
Healthy				
URI/Calici				
Ringworm				
Injured / Ill (not contagious)				
Feral				
Kittens euthed 0-7 weeks (if more than 1,000, break out 0-3 weeks an	d 4-7 weeks)			

Intake Best Practice

13-15 animals intake (annually) per 1000 residents

To determine how many animals your community shelter intakes per 1000 residents, complete the formula below using data from your community shelter and the area it serves.

A	nnua	il Total Intake	per 1000 R	esidents		
(Annual Intake (Dog+Cat)	/	Population of A	Area)	x 1000	= Total	
	Annu	al Cat Intake	per 1000 Re	esidents		
(Annual Intake (Cat Only)	/	Population of A	Area)	x 1000	= Total	
	۱nnu	al Dog Intake	per 1000 R	esidents		
(Annual Intake (Dog Only)	/	Population of A	Area)	x 1000	= Total	
Your O	ʻgani:	zation's Goal I	intake per 1	L000 Resid	ents	
(Best Practice	/	1000)	x Population	of Area	= Total	

No Kill Communities and Aspiring No Kill Communities Intake Data

Community	Intake			Danulatian	Live Outcome	Intake per 1000		
	Cat	Dog	Total	Population	Live Outcome	Cat	Dog	total
Williamson County	3,730	3,574	7,304	547,545	94%	7	7	13
Kansas City	3,694	5,859	9,553	1,532,947	94%	8	12	20
Lynchburg	2338	1667	4005	157,820	96%	14	10	24

Austin Historical Intake Data								
Vanu		Intake		Travis County	Live Outcome	Intake per 1000		
Year	Cat	Dog	Total	Population '		Cat	Dog	total
2017	6,294	9,412	16,445	1,226,698	96.93	5	8	13
2016	6,793	10,064	16,857	1,148,176	96.5	6	9	15
2015	7,287	10,368	17,655	1,178,292	93.45	6	9	15
2014	6,835	10,613	17,448	1,151,387	93.8	6	9	15
2013	7,807	10,852	18,659	1,121,960	92.6	7	10	17
2012	7,616	11,166	18,782	1,096,535	92.5	7	10	17
2011	6,590	10,661	17,251	1,062,000	89.3	6	10	16
2010	9,187	12,382	21,569	1,030,522	77.6	9	12	21
2009	6,992	12,300	19,292	1,008,345	75.3	7	12	19
2008	8,790	12,461	21,251	998,561	67.9	9	12	21
2007	9,902	13,842	23,744	948,160		10	15	25
2006	8,125	13,366	21,491	920,544		9	15	23
2005	9,678	13,423	23,101	893,295		11	15	26
2004	8,942	13,418	22,360	874,065		10	15	26
2003	8,966	12,582	21,548	856,927		10	15	25
2002	7,411	12,144	19,555	844,263		9	14	23
2001	7,761	13,343	21,104	847,941	48.8	9	16	25
2000	6,537	15,090	21,627	812,280		8	19	27